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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/751,332	12/28/2000	Darwin A. Engwer	3239P069	7669	
8791	7590 11/30/2005		EXAMINER		
	SOKOLOFF TAYLO	ELALLAM, AHMED			
12400 WIL SEVENTH	SHIRE BOULEVARD FLOOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030 2668				

DATE MAILED: 11/30/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				- non/		
- , 		Application No.	Applicant(s)	N		
		09/751,332	ENGWER ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		AHMED ELALLAM	2668			
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	ress		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Does not so time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS , cause the application to become ABANI	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this componence (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•		
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Second</u>	entember 2005.				
	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ This action is non-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1	1, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>37-69</u> is/are pending in the application.					
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 37-69 is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[_	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.	•			
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)🔀	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached O	ffice Action or form PTC)-152.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	19(a)-(d) or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Appl	ication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ceived in this National S	tage		
* 0	application from the International Bureau					
	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies not rec	ceivea.			
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sum	mary (PTO-413)			
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		ail Date nal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)		
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	- In the second	/		

DETAILED ACTION

This communication is responsive to RCE filed on September 9, 2005.

Claims 1-36 were cancelled. Claims 37-69 are pending.

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On page 20, lines 11, 14, and 32, the phrase "date rate" has a typo error, it should be "data rate". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 37-47, 51 and 60 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claim 37, line 8, "based of" should be "based on".

In claims 40, 51 and 60, the term "weighing" has a typo error. It should be "weighting".

Other minor informalities remain in some of the claims. Applicant attention to this matter is appreciated.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the

Application/Control Number: 09/751,332 Page 3

Art Unit: 2668

art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 40, 51, 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Regarding claims 40, 51, and 60, the specification as original filed does not describe the feature of "transmission error factor is a value being a sum of (i) a number of transmission errors occurring successively multiplied by a first weighting factor and (ii) a number of transmission errors occurring sporadically multiplied by a second weighing factor". More specifically, the specification as originally filed does not disclose **summing** a number of transmission errors occurring successively multiplied by a first weighting factor and a number of transmission errors occurring sporadically multiplied by a second weighing factor.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 37-39, 41-45, 48-50, 52-55, 57-59, 61-64, and 66-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer et al (US 5,889,772) in view of Sindhushayana et al, (US 6,064,678). Hereinafter referred to as Fisher and Sindhushayana respectively.

Page 4

Regarding claims 37, 48, 57, 66, and 67, Fischer discloses a method (col 5 lines 11-14), means (col 5 lines 34-46), and logic circuit (inherent; the controller of figure 6 must require logic to execute) of automatically adjusting a fragmentation threshold for data transmissions between an access point ("WLAN controller 100, figure 6; col 7 lines 33-46) and one or more associated wireless units (Wireless LAN stations; col 7 lines 40-46) via a wireless medium associated with a wireless network system including a wired backbone network, comprising:

determining a transmission error factor indicative of errors occurring in the transmission of one or more data packets between said access point and said one or more associated wireless units (calculate a ratio of packet-fails count to packet-transmitted (BER) between transmission and destination station; For example see col 12 lines 6-20)., and

automatically adjusting said fragmentation threshold based on said transmission error factor (Based on the BER ratio, the monitor and adjust unit 112 adjusts the fragmentation threshold level; col 12 lines 14-18), where the one or more data packets each have a finite time duration (the BER is based on the time intervals of packets transmitted and acknowledgement messages received. The importance on timely reception of these packets signifies a time duration for each packet; col 11 lines 20-31);

Fisher does not explicitly disclose translating a desired finite time duration for transmission into the fragmentation threshold based on a data transmission rate of at least one data packet. (Examiner interpreted this limitation in accordance with the specification in which it is stated that the time duration of a data packet is given by the size of the packet divided by the data rate, see page 19, lines 28-30, thus such limitation is interpreted to mean that the fragmentation threshold is chosen based on a predetermined data transmission rate).

Page 5

Sindhushayana discloses choosing packet lengths (fragmentation threshold) in accordance with data transmission rates. See column 2, lines 55-65.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made enhance the fragmentation threshold selection of Fisher with a corresponding data transmission rate as taught by Sindhushayana so that the optimal fragmentation threshold can be used (optimal data packet length). The advantage would be the ability to maximize the throughput of the system by choosing the optimal packet length for each subscriber in transmitting data at an appropriate data rate. See Sindhushayana, column 3, lines 14-29.

Regarding claims 38, 49 and 58, Fischer discloses where determining the transmission error factor comprises transmitting the one or more data packets, and determining the transmission error factor based on a number of acknowledgement packets received in response to the transmitted one or more data packets (the monitor counts the number of failures to receive a ACK frame from each destination address

after the frame was transmitted, and keeps this number as the BER fails count; col 11 lines 20-41 and 60-67; also see col 12 lines 1-7).

Regarding claims 39, 50, and 59, Fischer discloses where the transmission error factor depends on a number of errors occurring in the transmission of the one or more data packets for a given time period (the monitor counts the number of failures to receive a ACK frame from each destination address after the frame was transmitted, and keeps this number as the BER; col 11 lines 20-60 and 60-67; also see col 12 lines 1-7).

Regarding claims 41, 52, 61 and 68, Fischer discloses where the transmission error factor is a weighted value with transmission errors occurring successively having a greater weighting than transmission errors occurring sporadically (the fragmentation threshold is adjusted based on the bit error rate factor of the current data transmission between 2 stations. A burst of concentrated transmission errors would thereby increase the bit error rate more so than sporadic transmission errors; col 12 lines 7-20)

Regarding claims 42-44, 53, 54, 62 and 63, Fischer discloses where automatically adjusting the fragmentation threshold comprises

comparing the transmission error factor to an upper threshold, and decreasing the fragmentation threshold if the transmission error factor is above the upper threshold (Fischer's embodiment allows the fragmentation threshold to be dynamically adjusted to maximize the WLAN throughput for the current operating conditions. The fragmentation threshold is adjusted according to the bit error rate ratios between a transmitting station and a receiving station. If the BER reaches a certain higher value, the monitor and

adjust unit 112 will lower the fragmentation threshold until the packets have a lower rate of error; for example see col 12 lines 7-20 and 42-55);

comparing the transmission error factor to a lower threshold, and increasing the fragmentation threshold if the transmission error factor is below the lower threshold if the BER reaches a certain lower value, it is inherent the monitor and adjust unit 112 will raise the fragmentation threshold until the packets have an acceptable rate of error to maximize throughput; col 3 lines 65-67 and col 4 lines 34-38).

Regarding claims 45, 55, 64 and 69, Fischer discloses automatically adjusting the fragmentation threshold comprises changing the fragmentation threshold by a fixed quantity and by a divisional factor each time the fragmentation threshold is adjusted, where the fragmentation threshold depends on a pre-determined fragmentation threshold divided by the divisional factor (adjusting the fragmentation threshold level for providing fragmentation of data frames to be transmitted to the first destination station according to the ratio of the incremented count of the failures to the incremented count of the attempts; col 12 lines 6-15).

5. Claims 46, 47, 56 and 65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisher in view of Sindhushayana as applied to respective parent claims 37,48 and 57 above, and further in view of Bird et al (US 6,657,954) hereafter Bird.

Regarding claims 46, 47, 56 and 65, Fischer discloses where the pre-determined fragmentation is related to a maximum packet size for transmission over a wireless network ("wireless local area network"; col 5 lines 1-15).

Fischer in view of Sindhushayana, however, do not explicitly disclose that the wireless network is coupled to a wired backbone network.

Bird discloses a wireless network that uses data flow thresholds to control the transmission of data in the network. The wireless network is coupled to a wired backbone network (figure 2; the wireless connection is connected to workstations connected through a wired network; for example see col 5 lines 50-65).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the wireless system of Fischer in view of Sindhushayana to utilizes fragmentation thresholds to transmit data through a wired network, as taught by Bird. The motivation would be the ability for a broader and more accessible system that can communicate globally with many other networks, as explained by Bird in column 5.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to AHMED ELALLAM whose telephone number is (571) 272-3097. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on (571) 272-3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/751,332 Page 9

Art Unit: 2668

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AHMED ELALLAM Examiner Art Unit 2668 11/23/2005

> CHIEH M. FAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER